

# INAUGURATES GOOD HIGHWAYS MOVE

## Board of Control Sends Notice of Law To Supervisors

(From Saturday's Daily)  
Official action has been taken by the board of control toward inaugurating the movement for the construction of the territorial highways, under the act of the recent legislature. Yesterday the board of supervisors of this county received notification of the new law, and from it the following interesting excerpts are taken:

The territorial engineer and the board of control are required to make the selection and designation of territorial highways.

Section 6 of the act requires the territorial engineer to select, map, plat and furnish estimates of cost of construction of territorial highways, etc.

Section 7 provides that a road tax of twenty-five cents on every \$100 assessed valuation of taxable property is to be levied by the territorial auditor in all counties where highways are under construction during the period for which such levy is made.

That the territorial engineer is now and has been for some time engaged in the work of preparing a territorial map, showing all the county roads that are now established, and from that map all territorial highways will be selected.

That it is the intention of the board of control to construct highways in such manner as they deem to be durable, and of the smallest possible cost for maintenance.

The board also says that in the construction of the new highways the wish of the enthusiast will not prevail against the smaller taxpayer to cause untold hardship.

That while they will proceed slowly, the provisions of the new law will be carried out as rapidly as the interests of the taxpayer can be best subserved, and in that respect the board desires the hearty co-operation of the board of supervisors of every county, the Good Roads association and kindred organizations to lay out main routes of travel.

That no tax will be levied this year for construction without the consultation and advice of the boards of supervisors.

That up to the present time the board is without a single communication from any authoritative source in Arizona, respecting this movement, excepting Maricopa county. This county has asked for the limit of assessment.

That the time for the fixing of a tax levy is not far distant, in order that the provisions of the law may not be delayed.

## WICKENBURG HOLDS ELECTION UNDER NEW LAW

The first election held under the educational qualification law enacted by the last legislature took place a few days ago at Wickenburg, when that place entered into a corporate existence, the election being held for that purpose.

The rigid law governing the right of the franchise was strictly enforced, and it is said that a heavy percentage of the voters were refused the ballot. The Mexican population was affected more than any other element, but several Americans were also included in the number because of the educational clause in the law.

Prior to this election several Mexicans were studiously drilled in reading English, particularly the Declaration of Independence and other standard literature. They performed this duty satisfactorily, but when certain sections were picked out for them, they were lost.

One illiterate miner is said to have paraded up and down the street in front of the polls with a newspaper in his hand, from which he was reading aloud to the people, and upon investigation it was found that the subject he was handling was foreign to anything contained in the paper he was carrying around. He refused to be deprived of his rights, he said, by any legislature, and would go to Nevada, where he could participate in all elections.

The Mexican population of that section are very hostile to the new law, it is said, and the men who have hitherto controlled them are also said to be up in arms.

## ACTIVITY AT THE BIG STICK'S MINES

(From Wednesday's Daily)  
Every department of the Big Stick Gold Mining company is today under a full head of steam. The mill has been completed and is running, and with it the mine is producing the ore. What is destined to be, in short, a splendid gold mining enterprise, has entered the active column, and from now on it will have a steady and, it is believed, a profitable career. Attending the completion of the milling facilities with the mine development, a creditable reflection of the men behind the project is shown in the channels of practical methods of mining. Assuming charge of the property in March of 1908, after purchasing the same from Joe Howells, the methods adopted were to open the ground at all points, and the question of treating the ore was not considered. Following out these principles, the transition of a prospect into a mine has resulted. With this as an established fact, the old Sultan mill up the river about ten miles, was purchased, and the work of installing it was started last November. It was finally completed and its initial run was made last week. To support it the mine is the backbone of the project, and in this connection there is an asset in ore bodies that is decidedly encouraging, the result of nearly two years of steady development. Conservative estimates place the yield available for the mill at one year of continuous running, and that without any additional mine work whatever. Two shafts have been sunk on the property, by the new management, No. 3 reaching a depth of 232 feet with over 1200 feet of drifts, and other workings, while shaft No. 9, about 2500 feet away, has 110 feet of depth with over 330 feet of underground work in drifts and the like. In each of these openings the ore bodies show the high value of the ground. From shaft 9 to the mill runs a tramway 2500 feet, and at shaft No. 3 three the ore is dumped into the mill bins without any additional other than that of the work of mining. This feature of handling the product is mentioned to give an idea of the methods of economical treatment introduced. In all mine work in evidence on the property at the present time, the free zone has only been developed, and from that source will the present milling be centered. Sulphide conditions will later prevail, and are now coming in, and when the free ore are worked out, provision is made for the handling of such. A cyanide plant is also installed with the mill, having a capacity of 100 tons mill run. In handling this output sixty-five per cent is classified into sands and is leached, the remaining thirty-five per cent being slimes, and is treated by the Pachucha system, a new method of extraction. When originally installed on the Sultan mine the above mill cost nearly \$140,000, so that some idea may be had of the facilities of the Big Stick in handling their output of the future.

The practical efforts with which this company has been blessed is best shown in what they have and what they are capable of doing in the future.

In this matter of management given, T. E. Campbell is the general superintendent of the company, assuming that position last November, and the final success of the project can be traced directly to his administration. Associated with him is J. H. Morrison, to whom as constructor of the mill is credit also due. In the cyanide department is James E. Morgan, late of the Tonopah Mining company, where he had charge of a 100-ton mill, and he will handle that part of the yield. In mine work, J. J. Brown, rated as one of the best miners in the territory, directs the work below. The Big Stick mines are situated on the Santa Maria, about twenty miles from the Date Creek station on the Santa Fe, Prescott & Phoenix railway, and originally were located twenty-three years ago. The section in which they are situated enjoys an excellent name as a free gold zone, and after the discovery of the Big Stick claims, interest was shown in the locality, and since the showing made by the above company it is recognized as one of the most inviting fields in the territory for the investment of capital.

## LINCOLN-AMES WEDDING.

BOSTON, Mass., June 22.—The wedding of Alexander Lincoln of Brookline and Miss Eleanor Ames, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Ames of St. Paul, Minn., attracted a large gathering of society people to North Boston this afternoon. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Paul Frothingham of the Arlington street church of this city.

## ALLEGED KIDNAPER IS ARRESTED AT ASH FORK

(From Wednesday's Daily)  
Charged with the kidnaping of fourteen-year-old Refugio Fuentes, in a most daring and sensational manner, at San Bernardino, California, last December, Rafael Muero, a Mexican, was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Charley Mainze at Ash Fork, yesterday. Refugio Fuentes is a pretty and intelligent Mexican girl, and speaks the English language fluently for one of her years. Both Muero and the girl were brought to this city and locked up in the county jail yesterday morning. They will be held pending the decision of Governor Sloan of this territory on an application from the California authorities for Muero's requisition.

A message from the sheriff at San Bernardino yesterday stated that he would leave there last night for this place in order to identify the prisoner and present the proper papers for his requisition.

Local authorities have meager information of the crime of which Muero is accused. The arrest is said to have been made by Deputy Sheriff Mainze on the authority of the California sheriff, who failed to give any details of the alleged crime. A later message, received after Muero's arrest, requested that he be held by all means until the arrival of the officer, indicating that considerable importance and interest attaches to the case in San Bernardino.

When brought to this city, Muero gave out a statement to the officers to the effect that the girl is his daughter, and a peculiar feature of the case is that the girl herself made a similar claim.

## Story of Kidnaping.

SAN BERNARDINO, Cal., June 22.—The crime of which Rafael Muero is accused took place at Cucamonga, near here, last December. He is said to have dragged the girl, Refugio Fuentes, aged fourteen, through a window of her mother's home, while she was asleep, and carried her away.

He was traced to Los Angeles, thence through Nevada and finally located in Ash Fork, Arizona.

The incident caused a big sensation here at the time, and officers have been unceasing in their efforts to locate the man.

## PROSPECTING NEAR CITY.

(From Wednesday's Daily)  
Considerable interest is following the prospecting work going on in the foothills to the east of this city by Messrs. Charles McKinstrey, Geo. Outman and Joe Scott. They are backed by Charles Wallace, and the site of the work is less than one and one-half miles from the court house. They have a shaft down on their claim over fifty feet. The starting of the work at this point is due to the finding of immensely rich float, several pieces being picked up near by that were literally alive with free gold, and it is estimated to be worth over \$1,000 per ton. So confident are these people, that they are sinking a double compartment shaft, and intend to have a permanent camp. Cutting through to the north and east of the foothills is an immense iron dyke, and at a point about seventy-five feet east the present work is on. In years gone by several pieces of gold float were picked up there, and one nugget went to \$80 in value. Something of a stampede resulted from this city, but the ledge was never found. The close proximity of this work to the city creates an interest in the project, and several visitors go out to see the men. Miners say that undoubtedly the old Bullwhacker cuts through that section, and is a blind vein at that point. Further up the mountain are other shafts, and some good looking silver ore has been taken out of three shafts of shallow depth.

## SCHRADE AND BENCH FREED.

(From Wednesday's Daily)  
After being out a short time yesterday the jury in the case of the Arizona Power company against Louis Schrade and E. Bench, who were indicted on the charge of grand larceny, returned a verdict of not guilty and the defendants were discharged from custody.

The remaining part of the day was taken up in the case of the territory against Frank Garcia, charged with the crime of murder in the killing of a countryman at Ash Fork last December, and at the conclusion of the day evidence was being introduced. The following compose the jurors who are to try the case: Jay Wallace, J. J. Sanders, J. L. Munds, C. W. Ruffner, Joseph Birch, E. C. Smith, W. H. Bones, H. N. Cook, E. B. Mulholland, F. T. Dickison, J. D. Shipp, John Harlan.

## ARIZONA COPPER-GOLD.

### Duffies Says the Company's Properties Are Good.

One of the heaviest stockholders in the Arizona Copper-Gold Mining company is A. S. Duffies, and on his return from an inspection of that property on Cherry creek he was pronounced in saying that it was all and more than what it was represented to be. He spent five days on the ground, and witnessed in that time the practical work that goes with mining, and was present when the new mill was running. Following this inspection he will become a heavier investor, and will take a big block of stock, believing that the investment is an excellent asset.

Mine work on this property continues with gratifying results, and it is the purpose of the company to get to great depth at once and while so doing to explore the ground at all points adjacent.

Since the new Lane mill has been erected it has been put through a series of test runs, and when adjustments are made it will start up permanently, and the intention is then to keep it a crushing. An available ore supply of 5,000 tons is to be had, and the plant is a success. Test runs are given daily, and the tailings produced show the admirable features of its mechanism, a value of less than \$2 per ton resulting. It is now proposed to reduce this to the minimum claimed for it, \$1, and which Mr. Lane says will come upon the adjustment being made that he authorizes. Inside of thirty days the plant will start up on a continuous run of at least twelve hours per day, the inaugurating of this service being contingent on the diversion of the flow of water from a spring near the camp. Mr. Duffies left on the afternoon train for Marquette, Wis., and pays this section many compliments on its climatic conditions and praises it highly on its mineral possibilities.

## SMELTER SUIT HAS BEEN DISMISSED

(From Wednesday's Daily)  
Telegraphic advices recently received from New York, directed to the attorneys interested, authorized the dismissal of proceedings before the courts of this district in the controversy that has prevailed for over a year, in which the banking house of Muller, Shaw & Company of New York were the plaintiffs and the Arizona Smelting company the defendants. The matter has been adjusted. About \$200,000 was involved.

Coming as this does so soon after work has been started on the rehabilitation of this smelter, it seems to signify that the work now going on at that point is but the forerunner of permanent operations at the smelter. Another significant transaction is that of the connecting the power service of the smelter with that of the Fossil creek line, together with the installing of thousands of dollars' worth of motor machinery to handle the current generated.

The force at the smelter is said to be growing larger each day. Over sixty men are now employed.

## ORTEGA IS BOUND OVER TO THE GRAND JURY

(From Wednesday's Daily)  
The preliminary examination of Mariano Ortega, charged with an infamous crime upon his little daughter, was held last night, and he was bound over to appear to the next grand jury.

Thomas Craven, the young man who alleged he discovered Ortega in the commission of the crime, told his story, and the child, but seven years of age, also related the alleged circumstances, corroborating the horrible recital of Craven.

The examination was conducted in the sheriff's office before Justice McLane and a number of spectators were present. As related in the Journal-Miner, yesterday, details of the affair will not permit of publication. The case will now go to the courts for trial, and has not yet been set. Public opinion is strongly expressed that a special grand jury should be impaneled to take action in the matter.

## BAR ASSOCIATION.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., June 23.—The annual meeting of the Bar Association of Tennessee opened in this city today, with headquarters at the Hotel Patten. President Foster V. Brown delivered his annual address this morning. Other speakers and prominent participants were Judge Floyd Estill and H. H. Shelton of Bristol. Judge E. C. O'Rear, chief justice of the court of appeals of Kentucky, will deliver the annual address tomorrow.

## CONCENTRATING PLANT AT SAVOY

(From Thursday's Daily)  
A concentrating plant will be installed on the Savoy mines in the Bradshaws, the work to commence at once, according to the statement of Bernard Cunniff, general manager of that company, who returned a few days ago from the east, where the matter was discussed and a decision made.

The introduction of this plant is due to the handsome returns given in recent milling by the Tiger Gold company, near the Savoy. One thousand tons of ore were treated there last fall, and in addition to that heavy volume a car load was sent to Denver for sample reduction.

The results were very satisfactory, a good idea being given of the ore values and the different points selected in the mine for the sample runs being shown also, resulting in the movement to treat the product on the ground henceforth. There is believed to be no doubt but what the enterprise will warrant the inaugurating of independent reduction works, the property being extensively explored at all points.

Under the Savoy people four years of practical operation is shown in extensive workings. The main tunnel has reached a length of 1500 feet, from which a raise to the surface of 500 feet is given, and depth from the level of the same of 350 feet. The ore bodies show a silver and lead product, and the volume that can be milled is heavy, extensive openings in these ore bodies being everywhere in evidence.

The vein of the Savoy mines is a continuation of the Tiger Gold company's interests, and adjoins them on the north. In early days when silver mining was the principal industry, the ores were treated by the old milling process of that day, and in installing a new plant to again handle them the purpose is to treat them on the same lines of reduction, hence the installing of this mill, which conforms in principle very nearly to the methods of the past.

The Savoy mines are among the oldest locations in the district, dating back to 1870, and have been developed by the present company in a miner-like manner.

## THAT SELIGMAN INCIDENT.

(From Thursday's Daily)  
That Wm. Ahlers, the Santa Fe officer at Seligman, "kidnaped" Ludwig Myers, took him to Ash Fork, and there had him sentenced to jail for sixty days, is the charge made by Justice of the Peace Stivers of Seligman, who arrived here last evening. When Myers was brought to the Prescott jail, it was reported to the sheriff's office that he made a roughhouse at the Harvey house at Seligman and caused the young lady waitresses and guests to flee in their fright. Judge Stivers declares that while Myers was intoxicated and was somewhat boisterous in manner, yet he did not create any disturbance. He declares that Myers was asleep in a chair when Ahlers took him into custody, and removed him to Ash Fork. Upon Ahlers' return he was asked what disposition was made of the German, and according to Stivers, the officer declared that he had turned the prisoner loose.

Those interested in the matter did not know what had become of the man until they read in the Journal-Miner that he had been convicted at Ash Fork and sentenced.

Stivers is firm in the opinion that Myers should have been brought before him for trial instead of being taken to Ash Fork. He and his friends in Seligman are very bitter over the affair.

## BIG BE OF GOLD IS RECEIVED HERE

(From Thursday's Daily)  
A handsome bar of gold bullion, the result of a recent cleanup by the old reliable Poland Mining company, was received yesterday at the Prescott National bank, and goes to the mint at San Francisco. It tipped the scales at nearly \$4,000, and was a fine looking piece of mineral. It was from the Accidental vein of the group being operated.

With the same receipt a shipment of iron concentrates passed through from the same property. It goes to the Sisco smelter, in southern Arizona. Another car of lead concentrates from the same mine went through the hands of R. H. Hetherington to the El Paso plant.

An average of two cars of concentrates is yielded every week. From this some idea may be had of the production from a single mining enterprise adjacent to Prescott. The bar on exhibition at the bank named showed the result of perfect milling. Its grade was of a very high percentage.

## CONTEST FOR THE PROPERTY OF MCCORD

(From Thursday's Daily)  
Alleging that Mary Emma McCord is not the legal wife of the late Myron H. McCord, the former governor of Arizona, and that Anna M. McCord, C. J. McCord, Prudence Cribbs, Florence Gilbert and Guy McCord are the life and legal heirs to certain property which was decreed to the governor's third wife before his death, Attorneys George Purdy Bulard and F. H. Lyman, in behalf of the above mentioned plaintiffs, filed a most sensational suit this afternoon in the district court to establish the alleged right of Anna McCord and her heirs.

According to the story of the late governor's life as read between the lines of the legal phraseology of the complaint, without having first secured a divorce from his first wife, to whom he was married April 13, 1861, in Shawano, Wis., he was married twice during his remaining years, first to Sarah Ella McCord, who died in Phoenix in 1893, and afterward to Mary Emma McCord, who is supposed here to be his legal widow.

According to the complaint, Governor McCord removed to Arizona in 1893, and in the years 1893 and 1894 conveyed certain property, the east half of the east half of the northwest quarter of section 25, and other described property, to Sarah Ella McCord, who was presumably his second wife. This property, it is alleged, was purchased out of the community property money of Anna M. McCord and Myron McCord. When Sarah Ella McCord died in 1903 the property reverted to the husband. It is further alleged that on January 22, 1908, Governor McCord, for a nominal consideration and love and affection, conveyed the described property to Mary Emma McCord and that she is now possessed of one undivided half interest. Later it is stated that Mary Emma McCord undertook to convey certain property to Robert Black and that the latter now claims to be in possession of the said property.

The complaint further alleges that when these several deeds were executed, Governor McCord was insane and incompetent and that the conveyances are therefore null and void. The complainants ask the court to establish the rights of these heirs-at-law and Anna M. McCord as the remaining widow, and that the gift by deed to Mary Emma McCord be declared null and void. The property is probably worth upward of \$20,000.—Phoenix Gazette.

## PHONE LINE FROM FLAGSTAFF TO CAMP VERDE

(From Thursday's Daily)  
As the result of an agreement entered into recently between the United States forestry service and the Arizona Overland Telephone company, a telephone line will be constructed from Flagstaff to Camp Verde, a distance of sixty miles, and telephone communication from Flagstaff to Prescott and Roosevelt, via the Coronado and Tonto national forests. The purchase of the copper wire, poles, insulators and other materials necessary for the construction of the new line was recently authorized by District Forester Arthur C. Ringland of the Albuquerque headquarters. The actual construction work will be done by the Arizona Overland company.

This will be the first quantity of copper wire to be used by the forest service in telephone construction work in district No. 3. In every other line which has been built by the service iron wire has been used. In this particular line, however, the use of iron wire was impracticable, in view of the fact that the Arizona Overland Telephone company's system of telephone lines, with which the forest service will connect, uses copper wire exclusively. In order that efficient service may be obtained it is quite essential that the forest service furnish copper rather than iron wire.

The supervisors at Prescott and Flagstaff will be able to talk to the district office direct when the Consolidated Telephone company completes its proposed line from Wilcox to Las Vegas. This would be impossible except by relaying messages without copper wire on the Flagstaff-Campe Verde line.

Eventually the forest service intends to make connection from Snowflake, Ariz., where the headquarters of the Sitgreaves national forest are located to the Camp Verde-Flagstaff telephone line.

With this sort of co-operation it is hoped within the next two years to connect all supervisors' headquarters in the district by telephone, as well as the various rangers' headquarters located within the forests.

Copies of the U. S. and Arizona mining laws, 25c, at office of the Journal-Miner.